The examples below are in the Modern Language Association style (MLA) and are based on the 7th edition of the *MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers* (Ref LB2369.G53 2009). Consult the handbook for a more complete list of citation examples. MLA now recommends italicizing titles. Every entry includes a “medium of publication” marker such as Print or Web that refers to the format of the item. When using the examples, be sure to follow the punctuation and format exactly as shown.

**SAMPLE WORKS CITED**

**ENCYCLOPEDIAS**

Print encyclopedia

Electronic encyclopedia

unsigned article

**BOOKS**

Single author

2-3 authors

Edited work

Chapter or article in an edited work

Electronic book

**PERIODICAL ARTICLES**

Weekly magazine

Monthly magazine or journal

Scholarly journal with continuous pagination

Newspaper article


### WORKS CITED

**Newspaper article from a database**

Vecsey, George. “In Afghanistan, On the Road to Boston.”

**Magazine or journal article from a database**

White, Martin. "The Sorry State of Search Satisfaction.”
13 Apr. 2010.

### INTERNET

**Website or web-based article**

“Why Do People Begin to Smoke?” *Prevention and Early Detection.*
14 Apr. 2010.

### WEBSITE or WEB-BASED ARTICLE

Author last name, first name (if given). “Title of the page or article” (if given). *Overall website name* (if different from title). Name of Publisher or Sponsor of the website, (use n.p. if none given), Date of publication (use n.d. if none given). Medium. Date of access.

Note: URL is optional. If using a URL, enclose it in angle brackets `<URL>`.

### PARENTHEtical DOCUMENTATION (Citations in the text)

Citations in the text are a basic part of every research paper. Any time you use a direct quote, paraphrase something, or use a specific idea or fact from your reading, you need to cite the source within the body of your paper. MLA style uses parenthetical citations to refer the reader to the specific item in the “Works Cited” list. If the parenthetical citation is at the end of a sentence, place it before the period. To cite a specific book or article use the author’s last name. If there is no author listed, use the first few words of the title in quotes. To cite a direct quote or give credit for something such as summarized information, a fact, chart or graph, include the author’s name and a specific page number. When a source has no page numbers or any kind of reference numbers, the information or fact must be cited in the text.

- Citing a book or article with an author: (Quinn)
- Citing a source with no author: (“Red Clay, Blue Hills”)
- Citing a specific page, fact or quote: (Mueller 70)
- A source without page numbers: Johnson indicated a 63% improvement…

### WORKS CITED (Bibliographic citations)

All sources used or cited in your research paper are listed at the end of your paper on a separate numbered page with the heading, **Works Cited,** centered at the top of the page. Each source is listed alphabetically by the author's last name or the first word of the title, if there is no author or editor. Citation entries are double-spaced. The first line of each entry is not indented. Subsequent lines are indented using a hanging or half inch indentation.

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